**12) Governments should offer a free university education to any student who has been admitted to a university but who cannot afford the tuition.**

Write a response in which you discuss your views on the policy and explain your reasoning for the position you take. In developing and supporting your position, you should consider the possible consequences of implementing the policy and explain how these consequences shape your position.

1. 富裕家庭的孩子与来自贫穷家庭的孩子有相同的接受到高等教育的机会（举例，）； 提高国民整体素质(the quality of all the people)（举例， ）
2. 教育需要钱，除了教材、课室以及老师的薪水，还有一些特殊的设备如实验室、电脑室 。 按照《美国高等教育记事》杂志的说法，州政府为公立大学提供的总支出（2005年-2006学年）已经超过700亿美元，这个年度数字还不包括联邦政府资助、私立大学发放的奖学金和学生自己花费的钱。纳税人不一定愿意承担免费的大学教育这样高昂的成本问题，毕竟让所有纳税人支持给某些人带来好处的做法也并不公平。 进一步讲，即使大学是“免费”的，那些在重点中学、得到良好辅导的学生肯定比没有这些优势的学生考上大学的多。因此，免费的大学教育等于把财富从低收入家庭转移到高收入家庭去了。
3. 在一些发展中国家，可 能还有更加紧急的问题没有解决，例如饥荒，传染病，自然灾害等 ，于是应该优先解决 这些问题，教育资源不足 ，没有足够的老师、教室和教学设备，不可行;在人口非 常多的国家，政府 全部负责学 费会导致财政负担(financial burden)，从而导致其他方面缺少投入，导致落后。所以，我认为，至少在目前，高等教育是不应该免费的。

Recently, there is a news went viral that Tsinghua University , the one of the most prestigious university in China, the director of recruitment announced on behalf of Tsinghua University will waive the tuition and provide accommodations for a poor student and his sick mother so that he can continue live with his mother in Beijing where living expense is startling expensive. The student is outstanding, he is the top 1 in the college entrance exam in Gansu province and he takes care of his mother while study hard on the exam for ten years. It is a great deeds and it console the teenager’s heart and a great relief for his family. When the recruitment director published the comfort letter online, most people applaud and get deeply moved even cried. However, there is different voice questioning the University’s decision: Can Tsinghua university do the same to all the finically stressed student? Or Can every other university provide the same assistance to the student from lower income family? If so, can this kind of subsidy sustainable for a long time? And lastly, where do the money come from? For a developing country with population more than 1.5 billion, and the population below the poverty line takes up to 30% of its total, a promise made to provide free university education for admitted students is not easy, sometimes hard to keep. The phenomena is not unique in China. It is universal.

Admittedly, the free college education opportunity is a once in a lifetime for the poor student. It is dream comes true moment for them after years of hard study. They come to the crossroad where their destiny can be changed and their social class can be broken. If this chance was deprivated, the possibility for them to fulfil their potential, to self-realization get low and even zero for their lifetime. According to a social science study funded by Ministry of education, and jointly conducted by Chinese Academy of Social Science and Peking Univeristy, more than 80% of college graduates those who applied for students loans surveyed acknowledged receiving college education is a game changer in his/her lifetime. The statement was backed up by comparing the social class of the respondents to their parents’ social class. The most commonly social class upgrade is from a low or no literacy peasants parents with no stable income to a college education working class with monthly stable salary, that is the change from blue collar to white collar for the case in China. We can inferred from the survey that, the free college education for poor students means life change..

However, while the impact of college education for poor students is positive, we shouldn’t allow it be totally free of charge. It is suggeted to have the poor students earn the tuition instead of just give it for free. By earn the chance, first , it teaches the students that any service is not free. You earned the opportunity by hard working. University provides various part time on-campus works for undergraduate students. Second, the additional work can help the fellowship recipient developed a good time management skills if well handled. A research conducted by Career Development Center, University of Califolia traced the freshman fellowship recipient’s career development found that XXX

We also should be careful when stating the benefits of free collage education because some country, particularly under developed or developing country should be cautious. Government has limited financial power and it can’t solve every problems in the society. Certain issues are higher in the rank on priority list, such as poverty alleviation, disease control, drinking water project, infrastructure, food security etc.

Is that true that all students should have the right to go to higher education? I bet your answer is yes. However, do you agree that government need to endorse them, especially for those who cannot pay the expensive tuition, to be admitted to a university? People’s opinions mainly fall into two categories, and I tagged them as the ‘education first’ oriented and the ‘budget first’ oriented. The ‘education first’ supporters assert that it’s the governments’ duty to help all students go to university since students is the future of their country. Meanwhile, the ‘budget first’ believers insist that the claim should base on the budget of the governments and education is not the paramount field a government should care about. Both sides justify themselves with sound reason. From my perspective, in most cases, I would suggest governments should not offer a free university education.

The ‘education first’ supporters might argue that 老娘辩不粗来

Nevertheless, the ‘budget first’ believers could also cite some serious drawbacks.

Furthermore,

**25) Governments should offer college and university education free of charge to all students.**

Write a response in which you discuss the extent to which you agree or disagree with the recommendation and explain your reasoning for the position you take. In developing and supporting your position, describe specific circumstances in which adopting the recommendation would or would not be advantageous and explain how these examples shape your position.